STATE OF INDIANA ) SS:	BEFORE THE INDIANA DEPARTMENT
COUNTY OF MARION )	OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT
COMMISSIONER OF THE	
DEPARTMENT OF	)
	) Cause No. A-960
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT,	) Cause No. A-960 ) Cause No. A-1455
Complainant	) Cause No. A-1433
Complainant,	
	) Cause No. A-1670
V.	) Cause No. A-1729
TICY CODDOD ATION	) Cause No. A-2332
USX CORPORATION,	) Cause No. A-2427
(U.S. STEEL GROUP)	) Cause No. A-2461 ) Cause No. A-2462
Daspandant	) Cause No. A-2462 ) Cause No. A-2467
Respondent,	) Cause No. A-2467 ) Cause No. A-2468
	) Cause No. A-2469
	) Cause No. A-2409 ) Cause No. A-2470
	) Cause No. A-2470
	) Cause No. A-2526
	) Cause No. A-2527
	) Cause No. A-2537
	) Cause No. A-2577
	) Cause No. A-2585
	) Cause No. A-2623
	) Cause No. A-2624
	) Cause No. A-2721
	) Cause No. A-2724
	) Cause No. A-2745
	) Cause No. A-2746
	) Cause No. A-2797
	) Cause No. A-2798
	) Cause No. A-2802
	) Cause No. A-2847

### AGREED ORDER

The Commissioner and the Respondent desire to settle and compromise this action without hearing or adjudication of any issue of fact or law and hereby consent to the entry of the following Findings of Fact and Order. The execution of this Order by Respondent is not an admission of any violation of or liability for any allegations or issues addressed by this Order.

### TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Cover Page		1
FINDINGS OF FACT		4
Cause Number	A-960 A-1455 A-1518 A-1670 A-1729 A-2332 A-2427 A-2461 A-2462 A-2467 A-2468 A-2469 A-2470 A-2471 A-2526 A-2527 A-2537 A-2570 A-2585 A-2623	5 6 8 9 10 11 12 12 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 15 15
Cause Number	A-2624 A-2721 A-2724 A-2745 A-2746 A-2797 A-2798	15 15 15 15 15 16 16

Caı	use Number use Number neral	A-2802 A-2847	16 16 17
OF	RDER		18
A.	No. 2 Q-BOP Steel Making Facilities	ing Shop Desulfurization	18
B.	Nos. 2 & 3 Coke Battery Electrostatic Precipitator	Precarbonization Systems Stacks	20
C.	No. 3 Sinter Plant		28
D.	Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 7 Coke I	Battery Underfiring Stacks	31
E.	No. 1 BOP Steel Making	Shop Roof Monitors	39
F.	No. 2 Q-BOP Steel Make	ing Shop Roof Monitors	46
G.	Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 7 Coke 1	Battery Oven Door Leaks	51
H.	Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 7 Coke Emissions	Battery Oven Offtake Piping	53
I.	No 13 Blast Furnace Cas	sthouse Roof Monitors	55
J.	Civil Penalty		58
K.	General Provisions		60
Sig	gnatures		64
Ex	hibit A - No. 2 Q-BOP S Baghouse Test I	hop Hot Metal Desulfurization Protocol	66
Ex		ssions Control Program, Nos. 2, 3, attery Underfiring Stacks	· 69
Ex		oke Battery Precarbonization acks Test Protocol	73

Exhibit D -	Nos. 2, 3, 5 and 7 Coke Oven Battery Underfiring Stacks Test Protocol	76
Exhibit E -	Supplemental Environmental Projects	79

-

USX CORPORATION (U.S. STEEL GROUP)

(O.S. GIELE GROCI)
By John H. Dooder John H. Goodish General Manager Gary Works
Date: 3/15/96
Date:
By: Hound R. IOM Raymond R. Terza
Plant Manager
Gary Coke Operation
Gary Works
Date: 3/5/96
By: SWELDW
Stephan K. Todd
Assistant General Counsel
Environmental and Real Estate U.S. Steel Group
Date: 3/18/96
By: Koy G. Comance
Roy G. Dorrance
Vice President - Operations
U.S. Steel Group
Date: 3/18/96
Charles Ville
Charles C. Gedeon
Executive Vice President - Raw Materials
U.S. Steel Group
- Ward 151001

## TECHNICAL RECEMMENDATION Department of Environmental Management

By: David F. Valinetz, Chief Air Section Office of Enforcement
Date: 3-2/-96
COUNSEL FOR COMPLAINANT Department of Environmental Management  By: Kathryn A. Watson Attorney at Law  Date: 3/22/96
By: Allen A. Durine William G. Divine Office of Legal Counsel  Date: 3-22-96

Approved and adopted by the INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT this 22 day of March, 1996.

Kathy Prosser Commissioner

### **EXHIBIT** E

## U. S. STEEL GROUP GARY WORKS

SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECTS

### U.S. STEEL GROUP - GARY WORKS SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECTS

### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

### **Summary**

### Clean Water Coke Quench Project Section 3:

- Process Description
- Quantification of Environmental BenefitEstimated Project Value
- Project Schedule
- Tables and Diagrams

  - Table No. 6 Present and Future Emissions
    Table No. 7 Process Upsets
    Table No. 8 Estimated Project Value Breakdown
  - Schedule
  - Process Flow Diagrams

### U. S. STEEL GROUP - GARY WORKS SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT

### CLEAN WATER COKE QUENCH PROJECT

### **Process Description**

The Clean Water Coke Quench Project is defined, for the purposes of this Agreed Order and this Exhibit, to be the construction of a Coke Plant Process Water Treatment Plant as further described specifically herein. The Coke Plant Process Water Treatment Plant process flow diagram is included at the end of this section.

The process water will first be routed through two oil/tar separation tanks (normally operated in series) for the removal of any residual light oil or tar. The light oils will be skimmed from the tank surfaces and the heavy tars will be pumped off of the tank bottoms. Both the light oils and the heavy tars recovered will be sent back to the by-products recovery system via decanters for processing. The process water will then be pumped (on level control) to either one of two equalization tanks for chemical and hydraulic dampening. These equalization tanks will provide two (2) days of retention time at a normal operating level of fifty percent (50%) of the total tank volume, and an additional two (2) days of storage if one hundred percent (100%) of the total tank volume is utilized.

The normal flow from the equalization tanks will be pretreated through a free ammonia still. The still will use steam to heat the water and separate free ammonia, benzene and acid gasses from the water. These gasses will be recycled to the primary coolers and mixed with the coke oven gas to be processed through the by-products recovery system. The normal flow of the pretreated free ammonia still bottom water will be to the biotreatment plant equalization tank, where provisions will be made to add groundwater in the future. This tank will provide approximately eight (8) to twelve (12) hours of hydraulic retention time before the biotreatment plant. During periods of downstream process interruptions, such as flow upsets, power failures, pH upsets or thermal upsets, the plant operator will have the option of pumping the pretreated water to the one million (1,000,000) gallon Emergency Storage Tank, which will provide a maximum of two (2) days of retention time, sending the pretreated water to the coke quench system or a combination of both options. The quantity of pretreated water that will be sent to the coke quench system will be determined by the level in the Emergency Storage Tank. The maximum proportion of pretreated water in the make-up water that is supplied to the coke quench system will be approximately fifty percent (50%). This is summarized in Table No. 7 in this section.

The biotreatment plant will use an innovative Integral Activated Sludge System (IASS) consisting of two (2) two million one hundred and forty thousand (2,140,000) gallon tanks operated in parallel, each with an anoxic zone for nitrate and organics removal, an aerobic zone for organics polishing and nitrification and an integral clarifier system for solids separation. The anoxic zone will be mixed by recycling mixed liquor from the aeration basin. The aerobic zone will be mixed by a subsurface diffused air system. Dilution water will be added to the IASS for conductivity, toxicity and temperature control. The treated effluent from the overflow of the integral clarifier, which will comply with applicable BAT limits, will be discharged to the Grand Calumet River. The nonhazardous biosolids generated by the process will be dewatered prior to either being recycled to the coal feed for the coke batteries or trucked to a landfill.

In addition to the major processes, facilities will be constructed for adding the following chemicals:

- polymers in the oil and tar removal systems and the biotreatment plant for enhancing solids separation;
- antifoam in the still and biotreatment plant for foam control;
- phosphoric acid for nutrient addition in the biotreatment plant;
- magnesium hydroxide, caustic soda or soda ash for alkali addition in the biotreatment plant;
- powdered activated carbon for organic removal enhancement in the biotreatment plant (optional); and
- an organic carbon source for supplemental nitrate removal (optional).

### Quantification of Environmental Benefit

Gary Works currently supplies the coke quench system with make-up water consisting of approximately fifty percent (50%) coke plant process water and fifty percent (50%) Lake Michigan quality water. Gary Works could have installed an air stripper to reduce emissions of benzene only by stripping benzene out of the process water, but instead decided to install a process water treatment plant, which will result in the ability to supply the coke quench system with one hundred percent (100%) Lake Michigan quality make-up water.

It is estimated that the Clean Water Coke Quench Project will achieve a ninety-nine percent (99%) reduction of ammonia emissions, a ninety-seven percent (97%) reduction of VOC emissions, including benzene, total CN, phenolics and others and a thirty-eight percent (38%) reduction of  $PM_{10}$  emissions annually from coke quenching. The estimates of annual emissions reductions assume that it may be necessary to send to the coke quench system the equivalent of five (5) days of pretreated water per year. The maximum proportion of pretreated water in the make-up water that is supplied to the coke quench system will be approximately fifty percent (50%). The present and future coke quench emissions are shown in Table No. 6 in this section.

### **Estimated Project Value**

The estimated total project cost for the Clean Water Coke Quench Project is \$37,850,000.00. The estimated annual operating and maintenance cost is \$4,200,000.00. The estimated total project cost for an air stripper facility to remove benzene only is \$1,000,000.00. These costs are summarized in Table No. 8 in this section.

The total value of the Clean Water Coke Quench SEP is \$37,850,000.00 less the cost associated with reducing benzene emissions of \$1,000,000.00, or \$36,850,000.00.

### Project Schedule

The Clean Water Coke Quench Project Schedule included in this section includes milestone dates for construction engineering, equipment procurement, construction, manning selection and training, and start-up and commissioning. These milestone dates shall run from the date of issuance of a NPDES permit for the discharge of treated water from the biological treatment plant to the Grand Calumet River.

, .

## U. S. Steel Group Gary Works

# Supplemental Environmental Projects **Estimates of Emissions Reductions**

## Clean Water Coke Quench Project Table No. 6

	Current		Future	و	Ne	Net Emissions	SI
	Fmissions	SU	Emissions	ons	4	Reduction	
Modio		Water	Air	Water	Air	Water	Total
Modia		lb/vr	lb/vr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr	lb/yr
DM		N/A	110.080	N/A	096'99	N/A	096'99
CO		N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD	N/A	TBD
300		N/A	18.836	N/A	706,890	N/A	706,890
	C		39.827	21.900	3,786,865	(21,900)	3,764,965
Nr <sub>3</sub> -N	- 1	olc	6	365	17,416	(365)	17,051
Total CN	72.059	C	16.774	7,300	55,285	(2,300)	47,985
Dhanolics	520 083	0	10,754	128	509,329	(128)	509,201
Lucilones	220,000						

1) Future emissions estimates account for the equivalent of five days per year of coke quenching with pretreated water.
2) The only solid waste that will be discharged from this process is nonhazardous biosolids, which is planned to be

recycled to the coal feed for the coke batteries.

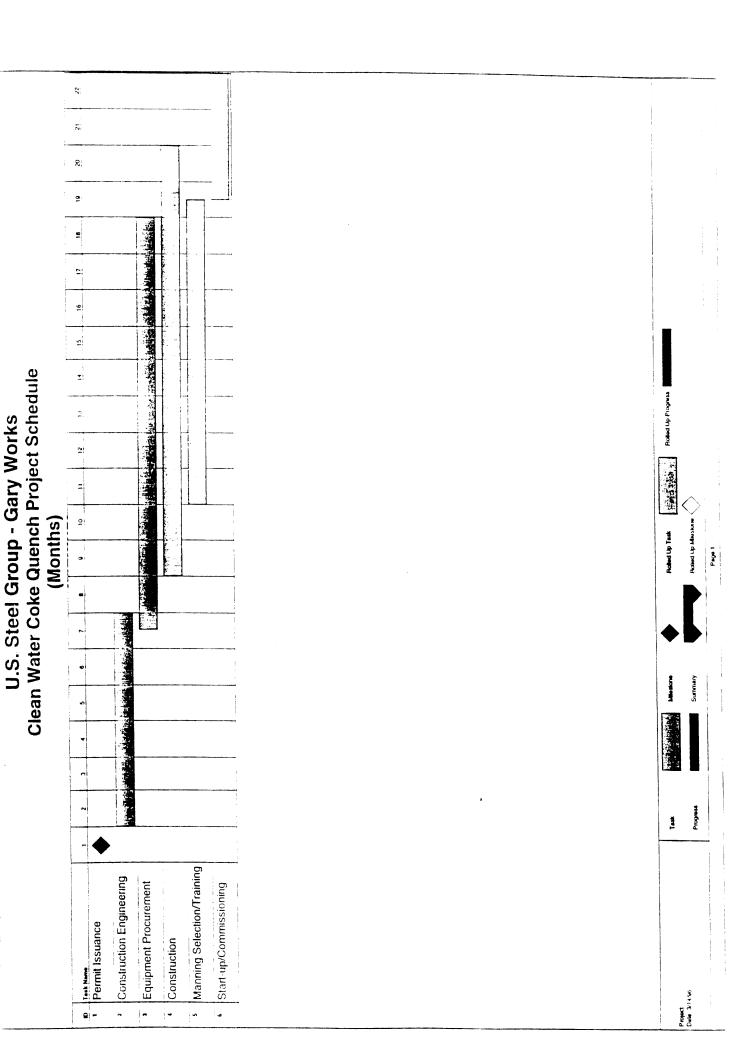
## Pretreated Water to Coke Quench System During Process Upsets Table No. 7

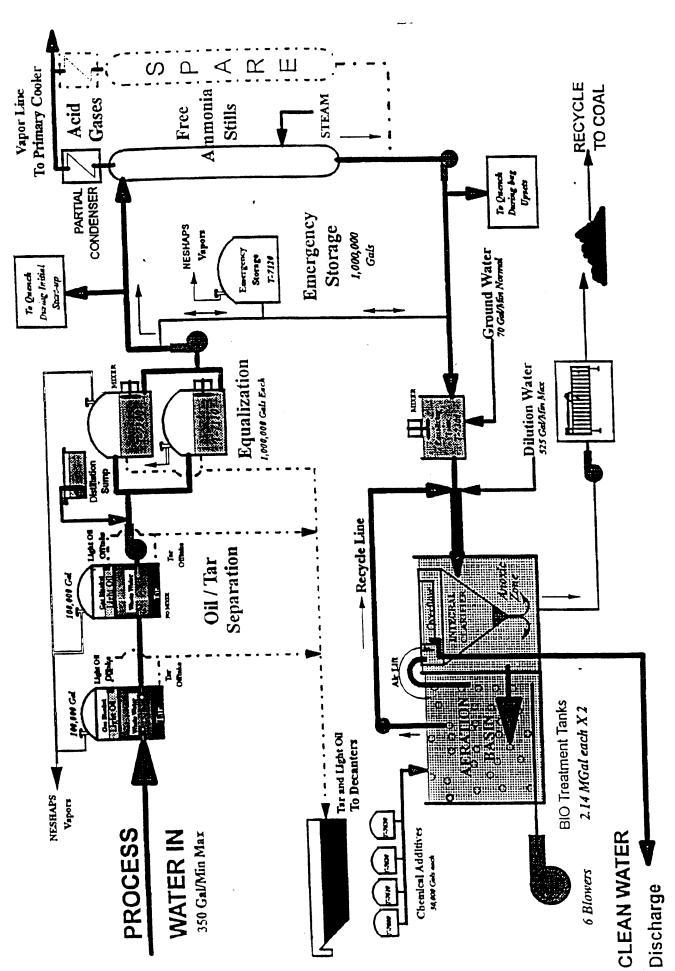
Emergency Storage Tank Level (% Full)	Proportion Pretreated Water sent to Quench	Proportion Pret. Water in Quench Make-up
5 <b>0</b> .0%	25.0%	12.5%
60.0%	50.0%	25.0%
70.0%	75.0%	37.5%
80.0%	100.0%	50.0%

### U. S. STEEL GROUP - GARY WORKS SUPPLEMENTAL ENVIRONMENTAL PROJECT

### CLEAN WATER COKE QUENCH PROJECT ESTIMATED PROJECT VALUE BREAKDOWN TABLE NO. 8

ITEM NO	D. DESCRIPTION	COST
11	Preliminary Engineering	\$ 900,000
2	Bench Scale Treatability	\$ 250,000
3	On-site Pilot Plant	\$ 250,000
4	Construction Engineering	\$ 2,000,000
5	Major Equipment & Installation	\$ 33,150,000
6	Training and Start-up	\$ 1,300,000
	Total Project Cost	\$ 37,850,000
	Less Benzene Air Stripper Project Cost	\$ 1,000,000
	Total Project Value	\$ 36,850,000
	Annual Operating & Maintenance Costs	\$ 4,200,000





Gary Coke Process Water Treatment Plant